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How Autism Spectrum Disorder and Food Security are Correlated with Childhood Affection and Mental Health in the United States: Results from the 2019 National Survey of Children's Health

Nicola Calabrese Providence College

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Hypotheses

H1. Children diagnosed with ASD are more likely to be diagnosed with both anxiety and depression than children who do not have autism.

H2. Children diagnosed with ASD are less likely to display affection than children who do not have autism.

Methods

Data: 2019 National Survey of Children's Health

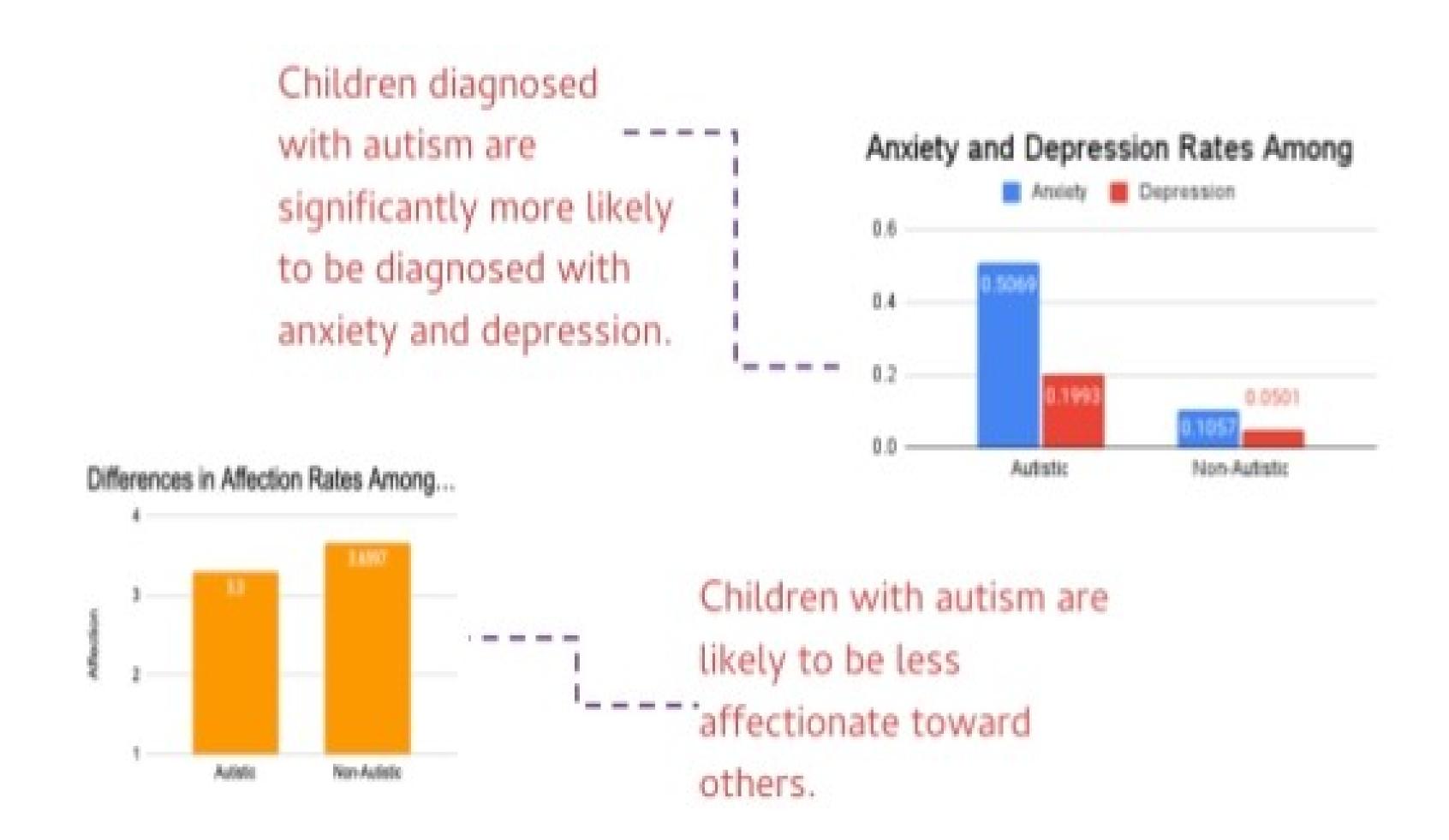
- Children aged 0-17.
- Fielded by the US Census Bureau.
 - -N=29,309
- Bivariate Analyses = T-tests
- Multivariate Analyses= Binary Logistic and OLS Regressions



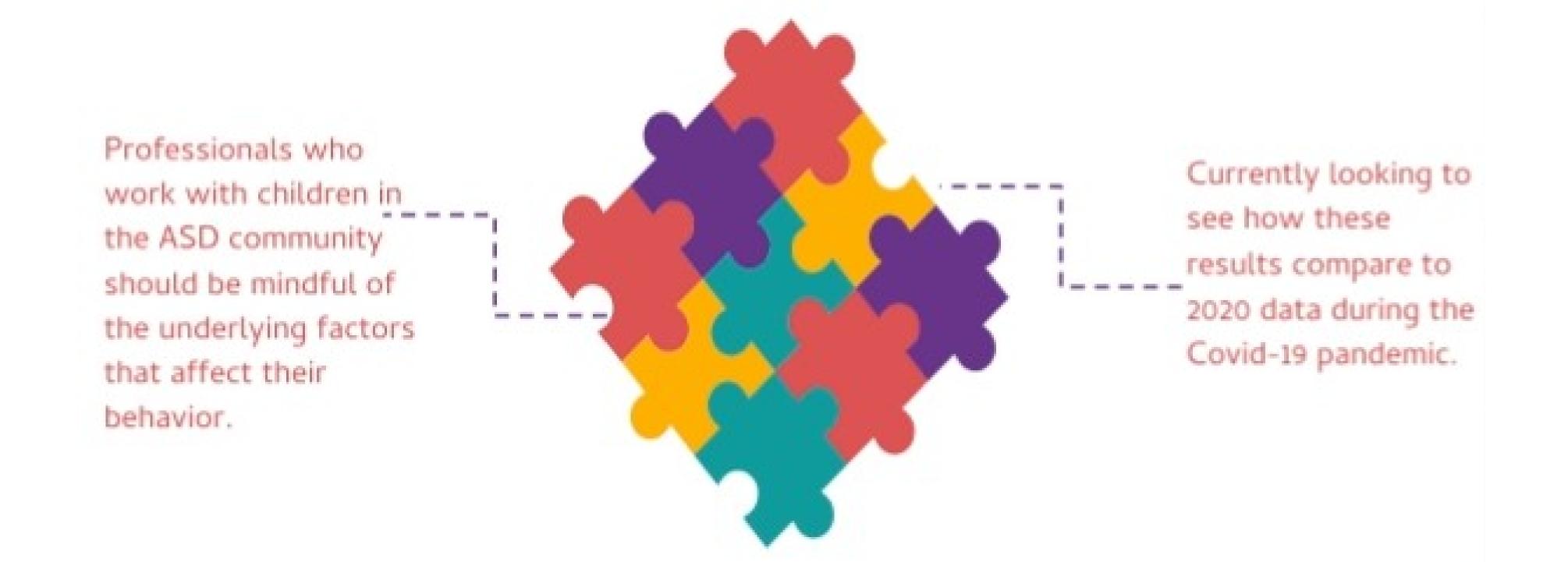
How autism spectrum disorder is correlated with childhood affection and mental health in the United States: Results from the 2019 National Survey of Children's Health

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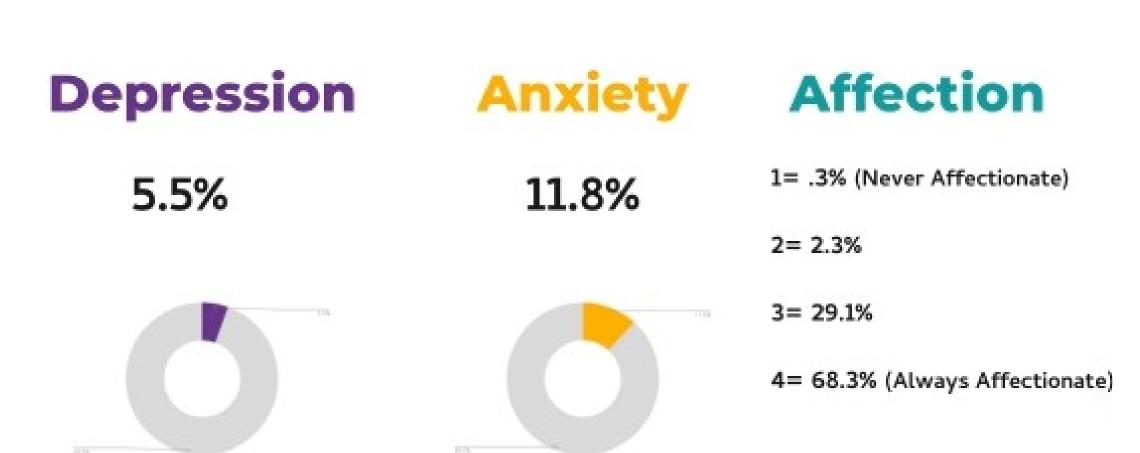
Findings



Discussion

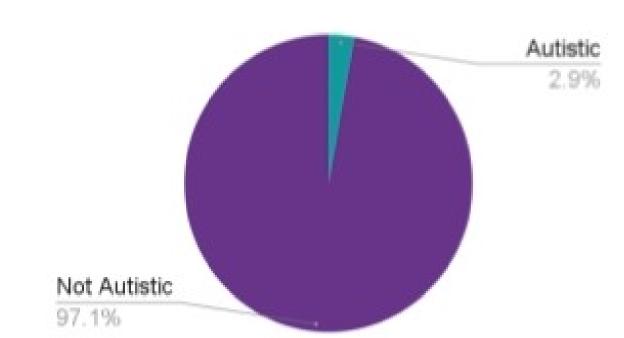


Dependent Variables



Variable of Interest

IV= Children with autism



In this sample 2.9% or 868 out of 29,309 children were diagnosed with autism.

Controls:

- Sex
- Race
- Age of the child's mother at birth
- Highest level of education the parent completed
- Presence of mental illness in the child's household
- Parent's employment status
- Food Security