Dignitaries and Friends Honor John E. Fogarty

By John Wall & Denis Kelly

Providence College was honored to host the Fogarty Foundation Awards ceremony. The affair was graced with a multitude of dignitaries associated in some way with this humanitarian foundation, concerned with helping the fight against mental retardation. There were not only the dignitaries concerned with helping this foundation, but there were close personal friends of the late Congressman John E. Fogarty. The affair was expected to make close to thirty thousand dollars for the Foundation, the earnings of which are devoted to fostering rehabilitation of the mentally retarded, providing grants for research and special study in the field of mental retardation. It stands as a landmark institution, exemplifying the possibilities in terms of materials, energies, and co-operation that can and should be wrought in the United States for the achievement of goals.

The Distinguished Service Award will be given to those people with outstanding qualifications of leadership, public service, distinguished service, and humanitarianism, some type of recognition for these traits. The Public Service Award went to Mayor Joseph A. Dooley, of the city of Providence. Mayor Dooley has made a notable contribution to the cause of mental retardation by the establishment of a new special education center in the city of Providence. Upon receiving the award, Mayor Dooley stated that this was one of the most treasured awards that he had received in his entire career as a public servant. The Distinguished Service Award went to Miss Frances R. Linden, who was the only social worker employed by the state to work with the families of the mentally retarded at the time of the late Congressman's administration. For more than forty years, Miss Linden's life work has been devoted entirely to helping combat the cause of mental retardation, not only locally, but also at the national level, in planning and advisory commissions. Amidst a crowd of political personalities, one of the more refreshing comments of the night was heard in her acceptance speech. In it, she said that she would run, not for a political office, but rather, for the mentally retarded.

The next award of the John E. Fogarty Foundation, went to Judge Robert E. Quinn of the United States Military Court of Appeals. Justice Quinn has been the Foundation's only president, and it is for his continuing dedication that the Foundation feels he is a humanitarian in the Fogarty tradition.

The recipient of the Fogarty Foundation's Leadership Award was Senator Edward M. Kennedy, United States Senator from Massachusetts. Senator Kennedy is the President of the Joseph P. Kennedy, Jr. Foundation, which bears the name of the Senator's older brother, and which was founded for the same reason as the Fogarty Foundation. Indeed its model served as an inspiration for the Fogarty Foundation. At one time during the reception, Mrs. Rose Kennedy, Senator Kennedy's mother, was referred to as the world's first lady. Truly Edward Kennedy's presence, not only because of his personal stature in the area of mental retardation, but also because he represents a family equated with humanitarianism and sacrifice, was completely congruous with the theme and intention of the ceremony.

The keynote address of the ceremony was delivered by Secretary of Defense Melvin Laird. Sec. Laird was a close friend, as well as political ally of the late representative on matters dealing with public health. The keynote was delivered by Mrs. Fogarty, feeling that Laird's presence was necessary as...

(Continued on Page 2)

Congress Ratifies New Constitution

By Denis Kelly

On Monday night, 24 January, the Student Congress passed the new Undergraduate Student Government Constitution by a vote of 21 to 3, with four abstentions. The new constitution now awaits approval by the Administration.

Paul G. White, '72, author of the new constitution, expressed his optimism over the possibilities of the new legislation. He pointed out that: "The new constitution is not the constitution of the Student Congress, but rather the constitution for the entire undergraduate student government, which will take into account all areas of student expression."

NEW VOTING PROCEDURES

One of the most innovative elements of the constitution is the establishment of a President and Vice-President of the student body, to be elected by the entire student body. The Vice-President of the student body will sit as President (or Chairman) of the Student Congress.

By placing the President of the student body apart from the Congress, the work load of the President of the Congress will be lessened. Various groups, who may be alienated from a relationship with the Congress, can work directly with the President of the Student Body.

Voting procedures for the Congress will also be altered. Instead of representatives being elected by the four years, they will be elected from student constituencies, or blocks of 50 or more students. Blocks of over 50 students will have proportionately more representatives. Students may only join one block of students. (The idea runs parallel to the present procedures of electing representatives from U.S. Congressional Districts.)

The purpose of this type of election is to put the Students Congress as the central organ of all student government. In Congress, the Congress will become a forum of student articulation of interests. The Individual student will have a stake in the new constitution in number, and so will receive greater representation.

The sole purpose of the new constitution is to give a framework by which the Congress can be a more effective organ of Providence College. Mr. White said that: "Its writing was based on the effectiveness or ineffectiveness of the present constitution." He sees this new constitution as a progressive piece of legislation, which can adequately correct the faults of the present setup.

TEN PAGES
**A Social Action Organization**

Over the past seven months, a group of six people who have worked and lived on Rhode Island have come together to create the Center for Social Change. The Center was established because the group believes "... that by coming together and taking direct action against repressive systems, people can build a democracy." By working together, people can bring about change in schools, fair prices and all of the other things which make up a decent life. There is a three-fold plan for the Center. One is to educate, the second is community organization, and the third is to train volunteers.

The education aspect entails that of having a resource and research center and library dealing basically with issues of peace and justice. Community organizing is aimed at increasing the awareness of people, enabling them to change the structures that oppress them. Direct involvement with already existing organizations is part of the plan: "that is, work with the Unemployed Workers Union would go beyond self interest and hopefully would enable them to see the more basic reasons for their present unemployment status.

Training in research and in community organizing is an essential part of the organization, because without volunteers, there would be no Center.

The people involved in the Center are Dick Bidwell, a native of Boston, Massachusetts, who has been a member of the Jesuits for twenty years. His main work at the Center will be in co-ordinating peace education activities. Gary Hamlin, a native of Albany, New York, will be setting up the resource library, Vanny Henderson, a native of Providence, Rhode Island, is exploring the possibility of relating the Center to the country by using available land for produce and, eventually, living. Nick Mottern is the editor and founder of the monthly newspaper magazine, the *Independent Man*.

Carol Regan, who has been active in the peace movement for several years, is presently involved in working with the Unemployed Workers in the peace education, and in the emerging Woman's Movement in the state. Henry Shelton has been the director of the Catholic Inner City Center for the past five years. Henry's beginning activities will be in raising funds and community organizing.

The Center for Social Change was created for the good and betterment of all Rhode Island. It is up to each Rhode Islander to support this operation and to make it work.

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Clear Air: A Good Investment

Washington, D.C. (Jan. 17, 1972) — A National Wildlife Federation study reveals that Americans can have a cleaner environment and save $12 billion per year.

The Federation study indicates that the typical American family can save $113 per year with a national cleanup campaign which will reduce air pollution damages by 66 percent, and save $87 annually while slashing water pollution damages by 90 percent.

Thomas L. Kimball, Executive Director, today explained that a team of investigators spent months interviewing environmental experts and economists to assemble the data which forms the basis for the Federation's conclusions.

The Council on Environmental Quality has estimated that polluted air results in the following annual damages: human health, $8 billion; materials and vegetation, $4.9 billion; and lowering of property values, $5.2 billion. This totals $16.1 billion. Economists conservatively estimate that water pollution costs the U.S. $12.8 billion per year.

Kimball said the taxpayer-consumer should begin realizing savings on air pollution control by 1976; on water pollution control, by 1980. The Federation estimates that the average family must invest some $500 by 1975 without compromising their lives and at the same time save money.

"If we stabilize pollution growth, we can double our nation's health care, education, and research and development spending by 1980, and still save $7 billion per year to help improve our standard of living," Kimball said.

Economists and environmentalists interviewed by the research team say the U.S. Government is derelict in not developing return-on-investment studies similar to those conducted by major industries before they provide funds for new projects.

Reduced to its simplest form, the Federation study estimates the national bill for damages from air and water pollution at $28.9 billion annually. Since citizens must eventually pay this amount through taxes or higher prices for products and services, the average family's share for pollution damage is $481 annually. Cost of a reasonable cleanup program is estimated at $10.2 billion annually, with a family's share $170. However, NSF says that this investment will result in reducing pollution damages by $22.2 billion, with a per family benefit of $370. Thus, by paying out $170 for abatement, each family can reduce its pollution damage costs of $370 for a net savings of $200.

"To us, this most certainly appears to be a wise and wonderful investment," Kimball emphasized. "How else can Americans improve the quality of their lives and at the same time save money?"

The investigation was conducted by a team directed by John Stromh, Editor of NATIONAL WILDLIFE Magazine. Results of this investigation will be printed in the February-March issue of NATIONAL WILDLIFE Magazine, which goes to the organization's 600,000 associate members.

Trinity Square Interim Season

As Trinity Square Repertory Company goes into final performance of Down By The River Where Waterlilies Are Disfigured Every Day, director Adrian Hall has announced plans for the 1971-72 Federal Interim Season at Trinity Square Playhouse in Providence.

According to the director, the scheduled revival of the Company's fall 1971 hit, Child's Play, will be run for a limited three-week engagement, February 2-19. Furthermore, he has announced that a production of Molière's comic-romantic comedy for Wives has been set for five weeks, March 1-April 1. The Price, Arthur Miller's modern American classic, will conclude the season April 12-May 13.

Asked about previous plans to make an early spring move into its new home at downtown Providence's Majestic Theatre, Hall says, "Things haven't been completed there as soon as we had expected so we'll just continue at the little Playhouse and open at the Majestic — with a bang — next fall." He added that $710,000 of the $950,000 funding goal have been accumulated.

Waterlilies itself has received great critical acclaim locally, throughout New England, and nationally. The new radical-Molière's comic-romantic School for Wives has been set for five weeks, March 1-April 1. The Price, Arthur Miller's modern American classic, will conclude the season April 12-May 13.

Friers Club Dinner Dance

To Be Held

Feb. 4

Open To All Members of the College

Bids will be on Sale

Next Week

Semi-Formal

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THE TUTORIAL CENTER

has opened for the second semester.

Need any help?

Come see us.

located in Aquinas 112
Bless the Beasts and the Children

If I remember correctly, one of the first things one is taught in parochial school catechism classes is that "the little children, among all of the world's human beings, are the closest to the heart of God. At the tender ages of six and seven, I must admit that this rather simplistic doctrine afforded me a tremendous degree of mental peace. Of course, certain knowledge of one's spiritual stature is a great comfort at any age. Unfortunately for me, many in the world, it is only in the spiritual realm that true peace and comfort are a reality.

There is really no cause to be sad, however. These people are, in most cases, hardly cognizant of their state in life. A retarded child can hardly be expected to realize that he is retarded, that he is different. He can hardly be expected to realize that he has no place in society, that he is a burden and a nuisance to those around him, that it would have been better had he never been born into a world in which he is a helpless misfit.

Even in this "enlightened" age, the retarded are ignored. They are pitied no doubt, but ignored nevertheless. The "snake pit" conditions of the mental institutions of a century ago are the exception today, rather than the norm. However, the treatment of the retarded and the mentally ill by most individuals in our society is still marred by ignorance, cruelty, and fear. It is this fear which I find most difficult to understand.

Obviously, there is no reason whatever to fear a babbling idiot. There is no reason at all, except for the unavoidable feeling which the sight of a retarded child conjures in one that "there, but for some inexplicable kindness and generosity in the universe, go I." It's your ballgame, relegating the retarded child to the level of a beast in our society, to the position of the non-human entity that he most certainly is, and perhaps the feeling itself can be avoided. Remember, however, that if anyone in this world is close to God, it is the retarded child. He, more than any other, "has no voice, no choice." Remember also that, as he is close to God, we grow further and farther away by ignoring his identity.

It's Your Ballgame

Many students have been disturbed with the athletic department. In fact, most students find the relatively small staff as complex as a government bureaucracy. The frustration of the students centers around the athletic department's method of distributing tickets for home basketball games. Most of the complaints deal with the amount and time of ticket sales. Students find that it is all but impossible to purchase tickets for basketball games without cutting at least two classes. Students also fail to understand why there are so few tickets on sale at student prices, or for that matter, at the regular price.

After hearing many complaints from concerned students, the Cowl went out to get the facts. The facts, as given by a representative of the athletic department, prove most interesting. We found that the maximum seating capacity of the Alumni Hall Gymnasium for a basketball game is 3500. After tickets are pulled for the band, the visiting team fans, the scorers, season ticket holders and the usual amount of complimentary tickets, the remaining 2500 tickets go on sale to the faculty, staff, alumni and students of Providence College. The actual breakdown is 1/3 for faculty, staff, and alumni, and 2/3 for students. Tickets for students then go on sale on a first come first served basis. Because of the limited capacity of the gymnasium, the athletic department is unable to reserve one or two tickets for every student in attendance.

The Cowl can accept the facts as they are, but with the completion of the new Providence Civic Center now in sight, and the scheduled P.C. games in that center, we believe that the athletic department and athletic council can mend the feeling most students have for athletic department policy.

The Cowl believes it has a feasible solution and would like to offer our conclusions. Since the seating capacity of the new center will be 10,000, there is no reason that each student should not be reserved two tickets for all home games at the center. With this policy, the athletic department would hold the requisite amount of tickets for a period of two days. It would then be the responsibility of each student to make payment on his reserved ticket or release the ticket to the general public. This new policy places the burden of response to sales announcements on the students and allows each student an opportunity to purchase at least two tickets.

The Cowl believes the above solution to be most fair to everyone involved. We also realize our powerlessness in directly implementing our suggestion, but we look to the athletic department and council to recognize a way to crack the wall of bad feelings which has been expanding over the years. Well, athletic department, it's your ballgame!
Kennedy Speaks Openly: Laird Shuns Reporters

By John Wall and Denis Kelly

Senator Ted Kennedy stated that he would definitely be a major issue with a great amount of sincerity in the upcoming Presidential election. He vehemently attacked and criticized the Nixon administration in his State of the Union Message. We must ask the President why he has presided over so many mistakes in foreign and domestic policy.

The American citizen today is more keenly aware of the facts and the need for change in our foreign and domestic policies. It appears that the majority of American citizens support Senator Kennedy.

How can one outsider looking in, determine the values of the country? The Senator feels that a nation's identity stems from a complex of facts that make up the American image. We must ask the President to explain his position on the current international situation.

A question that has recently been raised is the feasibility of moving towards making each campus a separate department of social policy. It appears that even if this question is to be raised, we must consider whether our political system is capable of supporting such a change.

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A basic issue is the question of how the college is to be governed. This has been delegated to any governing body of the college by the students. We are not speaking of the power delegated down from the Regents or the President, or from the faculty.

These are areas which can be defined as part of the public domain and are open to public scrutiny. Much more unknown and ambiguous is the power that has been delegated up.

A question that has recently been raised is the feasibility of moving towards making each campus a separate department of social policy. It appears that even if this question is to be raised, we must consider whether our political system is capable of supporting such a change.

The American citizen today is more keenly aware of the facts and the need for change in our foreign and domestic policies. It appears that the majority of American citizens support Senator Kennedy.

Proposed legislation setting up a separate Department of Corrections for Rhode Island was introduced to the General Assembly earlier this month. The new Department of Corrections would take over from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services, and the current Commissioner of Corrections would become the Director of the new Department.

Under the legislation the Governor proposed in his Annual Message to the General Assembly earlier this month, the new Department of Corrections would take over from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services, and the current Commissioner of Corrections would become the Director of the new Department. We must ask the President to explain his position on the current international situation.

The legislation proposed by the Governor would be named in the Governor's new Department. The Director of the new Department would be named in the Governor's new Department. The Governor explained that he felt that the new Department would serve a five-year term. The Governor explained that he felt that the new Department would serve a five-year term. The Governor explained that he felt that the new Department would serve a five-year term.

The proposed legislation would take effect on July 1, 1972.

The proposed legislation's Declaration of Policy states that it is the purpose of the legislation to establish a Department of State, and to recommend the President to the Congress on the subject of State. The proposed legislation's Declaration of Policy states that it is the purpose of the legislation to establish a Department of State, and to recommend the President to the Congress on the subject of State. The proposed legislation's Declaration of Policy states that it is the purpose of the legislation to establish a Department of State, and to recommend the President to the Congress on the subject of State.
**Positive Student Activism**

Washington, D.C. (L.P.) - If alienation and misunderstanding were conditions of town-gown relationships during the 60s, positive student/community activism may well represent a trend during the 70s.

A recently completed survey by the American Association of State Colleges and Universities reveals that member institutions are encouraging students to participate in community services ranging over environmental projects, recreational development, drug abuse.

Colleges and universities reveals that member institutions are encouraging students to participate in community services ranging over environmental projects, recreational development, drug abuse.

The contemporary college student is beginning to find out that effective social change is earned through community and collective action.

If three years ago, students limited themselves to walking a picket line as advocates of the welfare rights of urban poor, today they are exposing themselves to the experiences of the poor.

Students at Stout State University (Wis.) are involved in projects to attack problems endemic to students themselves, organized to attack problems ranging from orientation to delinquency and drug addiction.

At Florida Atlantic University, for example, student volunteers man a round-the-clock crisis center, and at the same time, conduct an anti-drug educational project. These students also extend these activities into the surrounding counties, referring, counselling and educating.

**Drugs.**

If you've got questions, we've got answers.

**P.C. Receives Physics Award**

New York, January - Twelve institutions and universities have received special recognition and cash awards, made possible by a $10,000 grant from the Bendix Corporation, for research projects made by physics students who wish to devise and execute their own scientific programs in physics and astronomy.

For ten years, the Bendix Corporation has provided funds to support research projects by chapters of the Society of Physics Students (SPS). There are chapters at 435 colleges and universities. Both graduate and undergraduate students who submitted the proposals are members of their local chapters of the Society of Physics Students, an American Institute of Physics organization.

For 1972, the Uxbridge Awards will go to SPS chapters at the following institutions: The Cooper Union, New York; DePaul University, Chicago, Illinois; Kansas Wesleyan University, Salina, Kansas; Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana; Massachusetts College, Bow, New York; Northern Arizona University, Flagstaff, Arizona; Providence College, Providence, Rhode Island; Southern Illinois University and A. & M. College, Baton Rouge, Louisiana; Stanford University, Stanford, California; Thomas Moore College, Covington, Kentucky; Western Kentucky University, Bowling Green, Kentucky.

**Police Tricks**

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If three years ago, students limited themselves to walking a picket line as advocates of the welfare rights of urban poor, today they are exposing themselves to the experiences of the poor.

At Stout State University (Wis.) students involved in "Project Friendship" work with 40 children from low-income families. They act as companions in recreation and study. The faculty advisor for the group had urged students to "get out and do things with people."

"This year - the second year of the program - a student participant remarked that the Project has helped change the image people have about college students. Many people were prejudiced against students, now they welcome us," she said.

**ATTENTION! LONELY GIRLS!**

Desperate, fun-loving mature males, in search of meaningful relationships on Friday, Feb. 4th, from 7 p.m. to 2 a.m. ADDED ATTRACTION - Tickets to U.R.I. gomme (which is soldout). Please send entries to Fridays P.O. Box 2473 and/or 2492. Photo is not required.

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Rock Music And Christianity: 
Festivity and Fantasy

By Joseph Andreozzi

Cox, a well-known theologian, believes that rock music is a form of fantasy and festivity that has been ignored by Western society. He argues that rock music is a living form of Christianity, as its themes of passion, rebellion, and transcendence are similar to those of the Christian faith.

In his book, "Rock, Rebellion, and Religion," Cox explores the relationship between rock music and Christianity, examining the ways in which these two forms of expression have influenced each other over the years.

Cox writes about the impact of rock music on the church, and he argues that it is time for the church to engage with the culture and to use the lessons of rock music to teach important truths.

The book also discusses the role of rock musicians in society, and it examines the ways in which they have used their art to challenge the status quo and to speak out against social injustice.

Cox concludes by calling for a new generation of Christians who will use the power of rock music to share the message of Jesus Christ with the world.

"Rock, Rebellion, and Religion" is a must-read for anyone interested in the intersection of faith and culture, and it is a pioneering work in the field of Christian musicology.

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MARK TWAIN TONIGHT

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Army ROTC. The more you look at it, the better it looks.
**Intramural Action Begins Full Slate**

**Frosh Tourney (cont’d)**

From Page 10

**Goalie Brian Reynolds... The Emergence of a Veteran**

With the Intramural Indoor Track campaign swinging into full stride, the Emergence of a Veteran has its best effort of the year last Friday night at the Philadelphia Track Classic, setting the scene for a 5th place finish in the seeded heat.

Frosh Timmy Lee led off for the Friars with a 1:57.7 800 meter clocking, the best of the season, but PC was "way back the pack" as he handed off to Nick McPhee.

The more experienced Villanova and St. Thomas runners were clearly out of the money.

Thos. Aman, could get his horses swinging into full stride, salvaged 5th place with a final clocking of 1:58, Mike Durkow’s 2:00.4 and Malachowski’s 1:59.2. Dan Gallagher, subbing for flu-ridden Bill Beasley sprinted to a :51 quarter, and his senior co-captain, Thos. Aman, added a 4:17 mile to Villanova’s team finish in the distance medley.

The big surprise of the day came in the 3 mile run. Frosh Mike Griffin astounded all onlookers with a most proficient sprain in that race in his personal best time of 9:30. Griffin ran a tactical race the whole way only to be the first runner to break the tape this season in solo competition.

Next meets for the Friars will be the Millrose Games at New York’s Madison Square Garden this Friday night, and the New England AAU meet on February 15th.

Brian Reynolds

Alumni Hall, constantly peppered in drills, Brian became an aggressive and confident goalie. The season opened with an easy win over Vermont, but ahead a trying period. The Friars journeyed to Duluth, Minnesota for their prestigious Holiday Tournament meeting the finest of Western Collegiate Hockey. After losing 4-3 to Johns Hopkins and Providence was routed 10-3, yet Reynolds was immense in the goal turning away almost 30 shots. In the ensuing contests with Michigan Tech and the University of Calgary, Brian allowed five and six goals respectively while highlighting the Friar efforts. Reynolds departed from Duluth with two tournament records, and confidence in his own abilities.

Throughout the ensuing ECAC campaign, Brian proved the victory margin time and time again as he bolstered the Friar attack project. Brian emerged as that solid goaltender sought by the Friars. He was the Friar's backbone, a veteran of the Friar crease, now a struggling law student, a future star that only the future will tell. Reynolds has already surpassed his senior peers in goals, shots, and minutes. He has completely replaced the excellent Brian Dryden, Reynolds was immense in the goal turning away almost 30 shots.

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PC Five Drops Niagara; Hoopmen Travel to U.C. Providence College added win number 11 as they hit the half way mark by soundly defeating the Niagara Purple Eagles, 89-79, on Saturday night.

In picking up their 11th victory in 13 games, the Friars put forth their 'best' basketball effort to date and played an excellent floor game. In addition to the brilliant Marshall Wingate to only one field goal and four foul shots permitted the opening half, Larry Ketvirtis played the way he has to the Friars to avenge the loss of their 'high school' days.

With 1:36 remaining in the game, both offensively and defensively, as he tallied 19 points, the Friars' lead burgeoned to 16 points. The last such lead coming with 8:42 remaining, at 75-59.

It was at this juncture that Niagara started to effectively penetrate the Friars' zone. With Friars' guards, who engaged personal fouls and Larry Ketvirtis playing the middle of the zone, the Friars were unable to draw to within, 81-75, with 5:30 left. The Friars began holding the ball around the fringes using up time and trying to free someone underneath for an easy hoop. By this time Costello re- entered the game and turned a 19 per cent integral factor in the stifling tactics because of his ability to handle the pressure.

The game's next four points came via an Ernie DiGregorio free throw and layup, and a Don Lewis free throw. That gave the Friars an 85-75 margin with only 3:10 left in the game.

Niagara outrebounded Providence 38-27, with no visitor was outset from the floor 51% to a miserly 37 per cent, but had low field goals ratios than Niagara, but the Eagles converted on 23-29 free throws and scored 16 points. In that department came from Marshall Wingate, whose 12 free shot percentage.

Going into the game Coach Costello said he would have to cut down significantly on its turnovers (an average of 20 per contest) to eliminate one avenue that Niagara could use to fast-break. The Friars did just that, relinquishing the ball only nine times in the ballgame. Of those turnovers, only two came in the second half. It represents the best overall total of turnovers ever as 87-75 triumph.

"We expected a tough game but what we got was a classic. Fairfield played and hustled didn't see me at all," commented Dave Gavitt after victory number 10.

The Stags couldn't cope with a Don Lewis, a Dave Gavitt in the middle of the court, and a Steve Strothers on the wing. Ernie DiGregorio remarked that "anybody would take Ernie D and Mark Marshall and have the opportunity." He went on to applaud Barnes' shot blocking ability and to say that his comments exclaimed that Marvin and Ernie make a "great backcourt combination.

All told it was the Friars' inside strength of Barnes, Ketvirtis, Costello, and Wingate that proved Providence through tight defense.

Since the Boston College game, January 5, Providence College began to play with a new cohesion and unity. If there is one reason for the sudden turnaround, it is obviously the elevation of Captain Don Lewis.

Only the pacthetically naive or overpowered would think that the Friars' team play over this span as anything other than extremely excellent. Such is not the case, however. Since Donny's return to the lineup, the Friars have combined 16, 12, 15, 18, and 19 point games. Consequently he has averaged, since returning, 14.5. With the defense again spearheaded by the deft Lewis, Providence outscored their opponents by an average of 15 ppg over that span.

From all indications it appears that Donny has gotten his game together. He plays with a confidence on offense that appeared to be lacking earlier in the year. And it couldn't happen at a more propitious moment. Now, when the Friars are ready to make a concerted drive for the Eastern basketball supremacy and national recognition, it appears that they are functioning as a well coordinated unit.

The Friars' next game, January 26, against the University of Pennsylvania, will be the first meeting between these two schools. A victory for the Friars will ensure that the team will become an important part of the Eastern basketball picture. Following Southern Lenten Week, the Friars will return to Amherst, Mass. for a game with UMass. Next home game is Saturday, February 5 against U.R.I.